UNITED
NATIONS

A

General Assembly

Distr.
GENERAL

A/AC.237/81/Corr.1
15 March 1995

Original: ENGLISH

INTERGOVERNMENTAL NEGOTIATING COMMITTEE
FOR A FRAMEWORK CONVENTION ON CLIMATE CHANGE
Eleventh session
New York, 6-17 February 1995

**MATTERS RELATED TO COMMITMENTS**

**FIRST REVIEW OF INFORMATION COMMUNICATED BY EACH PARTY INCLUDED IN ANNEX I TO THE CONVENTION**

**Compilation and synthesis of national communications from Annex I Parties**

Corrigendum

Page 34, table 1, column headed "Data from projection - 2000 level - (Gg)":

The entry for Australia should read 332 799

Page 34, table 1, column headed "Variations from projection (Percentage)":

The entry for Australia should read 15.1

Page 36, table 2, column headed "Data from projection - 2000 level - (Gg)":

The entry for Australia should read 121 992

Page 36, table 2, column headed "Variations from projection (Percentage)":

The entry for Australia should read -6.8

GE.95-60899

Page 38, table 4, column headed "Data from inventory -1990 level - (Gg)":

The entry for Austria should read 4.1

Page 38, table 4, Comments last sentence:

For due to closing old adipic acid plants read owing to modernizing and/or closing existing plants

Page 40, table 6, column headed "Data from projection - 2000 level - (Gg)":

The entry for Australia should read 512 850

Page 40, table 6, column headed "Variations from projection (Percentage)":

The entry for Australia should read 10.1

Page 60, table A.1:

For *See notes to table 2. read *See notes to table A.2.

Page 68, table A.5:

The figures for Austria should read

0.5 13 0.9 22 0.6 15 2.0 49 [blank] [blank] [blank] [blank] 4.1

Page 70, table A.6:

Replace table with table A.6 below; bold-face indicates new figures

Page 72, table A.8, Notes, e):

For Estimates from the Party expressed as $N_2O$ read Estimates from the Party expressed as $NO_2$

**Table A.6. Anthropogenic emissions from international bunkers, 1990 [a] (Gigagrams)**

| | $CO_2$ | $CH_4$ | $N_2O$ | CO | $NO_x$ | NMVOC |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Australia | 6 281 | 0.130 | **0.08** | 6.8 | 70.81 | 2.28 |
| Canada | 5 632 | 0.291 | 0.60 | 37.8 | 17.70 | 10.70 |
| Denmark | 4 974 | 0.100 | 0.10 | 17.3 | 71.20 | 2.70 |
| Germany | **19 000** | | **0.00** | **205.0** | **95.00** | **25.00** |
| Japan | 31 000 | | | | | |
| Netherlands | 40 400 | | | | | |
| New Zealand | 2 398 | 1.100 | 2.20 | | 44.10 | |
| Norway | 1 800 | 0.400 | 0.10 | 2.9 | 32.80 | 0.10 |
| Sweden | 4 190 | 1.300 | 0.04 | 44.0 | 60.00 | 15.00 |
| Switzerland | 2 100 | | | | | |
| UK [b] | 28 980 | 0.600 | | 65.8 | 303.00 | 5.80 |
| USA | **82 866** | | | | | |
| Total | 229 621 | 3.921 | 3.11 | 313 8 | 694.61 | 61.58 |

**Notes**

Figures in bold-face indicate corrections to table A.6 in document A/AC.237/81.

[a] Austria, the Czech Republic and Spain did not report emissions from bunker fuels.

[b] Provisional estimates provided during the review.

## Comments

Twelve Parties provided emissions estimates from bunker fuels. In accordance with the guidelines, 11 of these Parties provided such information in a separate category and did not include them in total national emissions. One Party included emissions from bunker fuels in its total but also reported the corresponding figure separately. **For half of the Parties, emissions from bunkers represented 5 to 10 per cent of national $CO_2$ emissions, excluding *land use change and forestry*. For five Parties, such emissions represented from 1.2 to 2.64 per cent; for one Party, $CO_2$ emissions from bunker fuels represented 24 per cent of its national $CO_2$ emissions. Concerning $NO_x$ emissions, it was found that for half of the Parties, such emissions represented 15 to 30 per cent of national $NO_x$ emissions.**

For the 12 Parties that reported $CO_2$ emissions from bunker fuels, such emissions represented **2.7** per cent of their energy-related emissions. The reporting of emissions from bunker fuels of gases other than $CO_2$ was incomplete. However, aggregate emissions of such gases appeared to be negligible compared with aggregate energy-related emissions. The emission ratios between $CO_2$ and other gases sometimes varied up to a factor of 100.